

## **Assessment factors**

### Proposals assessed against three factors:

- o **Seriousness and urgency** of the transport issue or problem addressed
- o **Effectiveness** of the proposed solution in dealing with the issue
- o Economic efficiency of the proposal

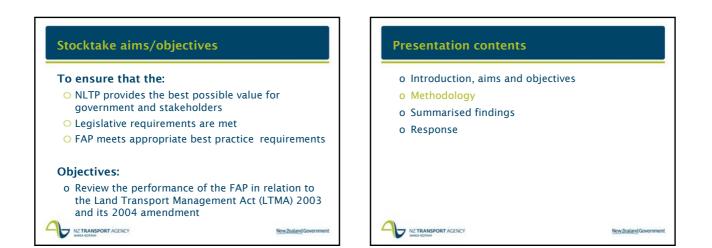


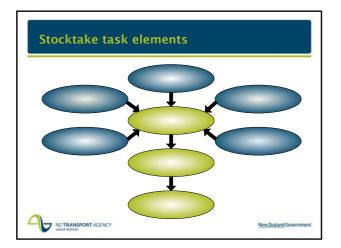
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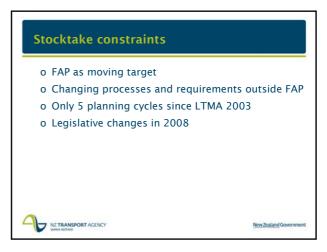
# Stocktake as part of a review MAC recommended an independent review of the funding allocation process Next Steps changing the legislative framework Full response after the LTMA 2008 amendment

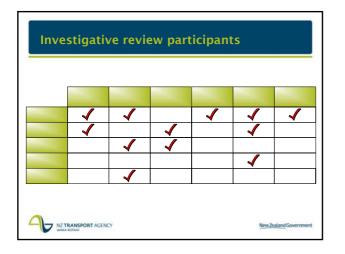
Processes under LTMA pre 2008:			
In scope		Outside scope	
o NLTP structure	0	FAR	
o Funding eligibility	0	Discount rate	
o Evaluation criteria	0	Procurement	
o Future opportunities and threats	0	Sector structure	
	0	Sector capacity	

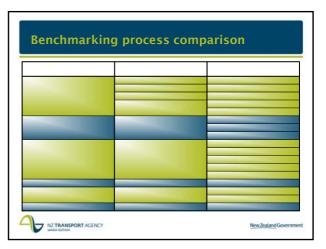


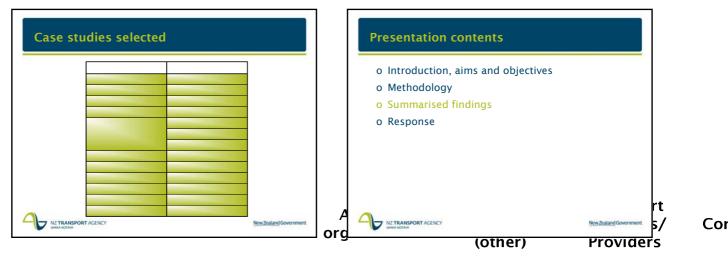














# Core issues

- o Integration of land use and transport
- o Multi-modal solutions
- o Level of complexity
- o Transparency (process documentation and consultation)
- o Delivering NZTS and LTMA objectives
- o Value for money



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# Key overall findings Positives: o Provides a strong framework

o Proven flexibility in changing environment

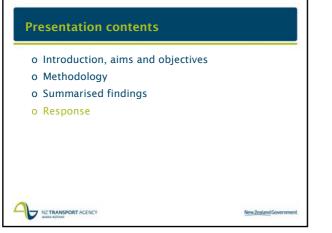
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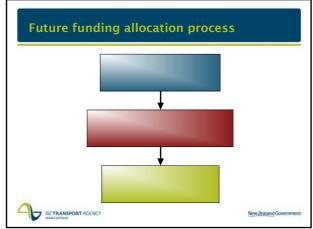
o Support from majority of stakeholders

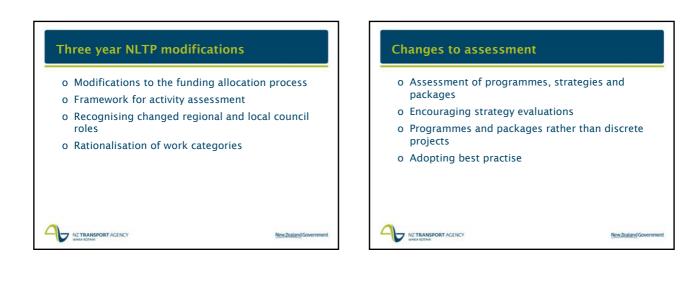
# Negative:

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o Low knowledge and awareness







# Integration of studies, strategies and planning

- o Incentivise up front planning
- o Combines all studies and strategy development (except RLTS) at 75% FAR
- o Incentivise asset management planning at construction FAR
- o FAR changes for regional land transport planning



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# Conclusions

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- o FAP provides a sound framework
- o Better strategic context
- o Long gestation for transport interventions
- o Share good practice
- o Provide transparency
- o Continuously evolving

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